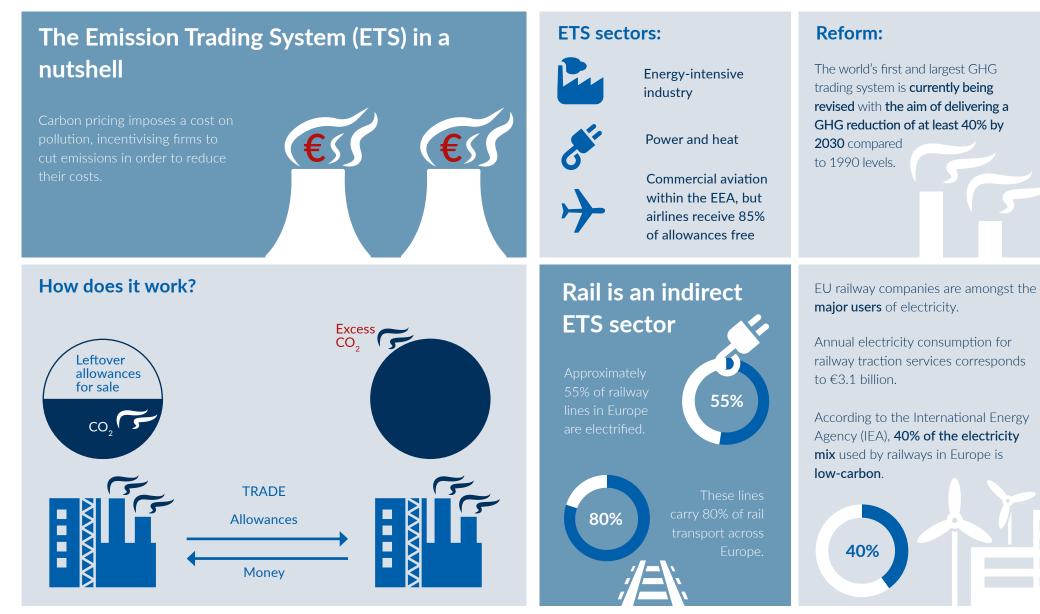
CER Fact Sheet

EU ETS reform - remove competitive distortion amongst transport modes





Source: CER/UIC survey "Economic impact of energy consumption and carbon emissions of European Railways" (July 2016)

Message to the policymakers



CER recommendations

- Unlike more CO₂ intensive modes rail is **penalised** by environment-related charges.
- This has a **negative effect** on rail's competitiveness and is therefore inconsistent with EU policy goals.

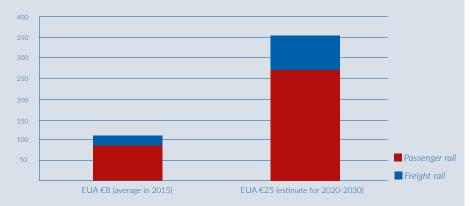


- The current competitive distortion amongst transport modes caused by carbon pricing must therefore be removed.
 - A **balanced** carbon pricing policy **across all transport modes** must be achieved.
- Until then, a level playing
 field amongst transport
 modes can only be
 reached if railways are fully
 compensated for their
 indirect ETS charges.

The ETS generates huge costs for electrified rail

The EU rail sector today pays over \in 110 million/year for its CO₂ emissions generated by electric traction. According to the new ETS proposal, railway companies might reach a level of \in 370 million/year.

Annual European Emission Allowance (EUA) costs for railways in million €



Electric rail is fully included in the ETS

Road and aviation are not.



Avenue des Arts, 53 - 1000 Bruxelles | Tel : +32 2 213 08 70 | Fax : +32 2 512 52 31 | contact@cer.be | 🖤 @CER_railways