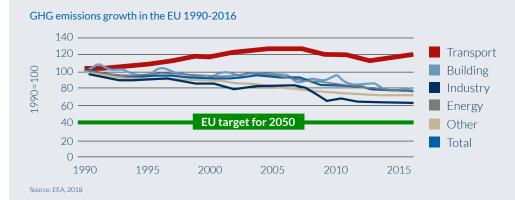
Put Europe "on track" to achieve climate-neutral transport



Transport emissions are the main obstacle in delivering the EU's climate commitments



There is a huge gap between the EU target and reality

- Transport is the only sector in Europe which failed to decrease its greenhouse gas emissions between 1990 and 2016
- Emissions from transport are growing faster than any other sector

Rail is the only mode reducing its emissions!

• Thanks to energy-efficient zero carbon railways there can be more transport activity without more emissions

For a ready-made, widely available solution to decarbonise transport – turn to rail!

Rail combines energy-efficient mobility with fewer emissions Rail is **6x more energy-efficient** than road Rail is **9x less CO**, **intensive** than road for freight due to physical advantages such as lower and air travel for passengers rolling and air resistance Freight Rail Inland waterways (16 gCO₂/tkm) (51 gCO₂/tkm) (140 gCO₂/tkm) **Passenger** Rail Road Distance per energy unit consumed (28 gCO_/pkm) (102 gCO_/pkm)

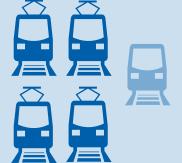
Source: EU Transport in Figures, Eurostat Energy Statistics 2018

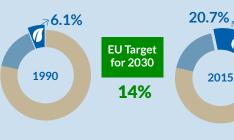
European railways already deliver zero-emission transport

4 trains out of 5 are already running on **electricity**, which is becoming greener

The railway sector is already **beyond the EU's 2030 renewable energy target** for transport







Fossil Source Nuclear Renewable

Source: IEA-UIC handbook, 2017



Rail is leading the way to climate-neutral mobility in Europe

The European rail sector is ranked **best on environmental impact**. To go even further, it has established its **own sustainable mobility strategy** with the aim of achieving 100% zero-emission operations by 2050.

Our voluntary targets

2030

Lower emissions -30% CO₂ compared to 1990

2050

7ero-emission railwavs 0 CO₂



Did you know?



Rail is the most **carbon-efficient** motorised way to travel: CO₂ emissions from rail account for less than 3% of CO₂ emissions from transport although it carries 17% of inland freight and 8% of passengers in Europe



Rail is **already electrified**: Switzerland's railway lines are 100% electrified, while Luxembourg (95%), Belgium (86%), the Netherlands, Sweden, Italy, Bulgaria and Austria are all above 70%



Railways are promoting green electricity: for example in the Netherlands electric trains are already running 100% on wind energy, in Switzerland and Sweden 100% on hydropower



As a result, the sector has **reduced total CO₂ emissions** from rail traction by **16.8 million tonnes** in 2016 compared to 1990, almost the entire CO₂ emissions of Croatia

Act now to accelerate transport decarbonisation

Decarbonisation of the transport sector remains both a **challenge** and an **opportunity**.

Rail is embracing the challenge

By continuing to increase its energy efficiency through improved technology and service efficiency



As a major electricity consumer, actively demand green energy



Driver training for efficient energy consumption





Make best use of **rail** stations: integrate them into active mobility, electric urban public transport and city logistics

Policymakers need to seize the opportunity

Be ambitious: confirm

-60% target in legislation



Support continued electrification of rail including cross-border missing links





Driving assistance/ Automated train operation



Facilitate transport-related research and innovation: focus on marketability of new clean technologies and multimodal solutions



Encourage the shift to rail: level the competitive playing field through internalisation of external costs: starting with a balanced carbon pricing policy across all modes



Foster win-win cooperation in climate change: increasing rail's market share will also benefit citizens through reduced local air pollution



Recovery of braking energy



Improved traffic management